WELCOME TO

Śrī-kșetra Parikrama

29th November to 2nd December 2023

A Four-day Spiritual Tour

INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY FOR KRISHNA CONSCIOUSNESS

Founder Acharya His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada



Dear Maharajas, Prabhus and Matajis Jaya Jagannatha!

Please accept my humble obeisances. All to Srila Prabhupada. I would glories like to welcome you to our 19th anniversary celebration of Sri ksetraparikrama will be celebrated from which the 29th November to 2nd December Throughout the year various groups of devotees from different parts of the world visit Puri dham in the name of Puri parikrama or Yatra. During their visit they go to different temples while performing Harinama sankirtan and also engage in hearing the different pastimes of the Lord. Parikrama literally means circumambulation. Puri parikrama means circumambulating puri dham. Just like Govardhan parikrama and Vrindavan parikrama means circumambulating Govardhan and Vrindavan respectively. In this sense just visiting Puri to take darshan of the different temples cannot called Puri parikrama. Puri parikrama be means circumambulating Puri dham. The shastra encourages devotees to circumambulate Puri dham, Sanka ksetra on this day as per the specific tithi.

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According to scriptures one should do parikrama of Puri dham on this specific tithi to get the full result of Puri parikrama. Puri dham is also known as Sankha ksetra as its form is in the shape of a conch shell. This puri parikrama is known therefore as Sankha ksetra parikrama or Sri Ksetra parikrama. The path is approximately twenty one kilometers, about the same distance as the circumambulation of Govardhan Hill. This Sri Ksetraparikrama tithi falls on panchami tithi, four days after Kartik or rasa purnima. Devotees coming to Vrindavan for Kartik can also easily plan to attend this Puri parikrama after completing their Vrindavan parikrama without a schedule conflict.

Devotees gather two days before parikrama day. On First two days devotees will visit all the major places of pastimes of Lord Chaitanya Mahaprabhu. On the last day devotees will circumambulate the whole Puri ksetra. Though this Puri parikrama is an age-old tradition it was not performed by people in general. Until nine years ago,

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only some Sadhus of the different maths and a few family members were performing this Puri parikrama. For the past nine ISKCON has been organizing this vears parikrama in a very grand way, where six to seven thousand devotees are now participating. Special arrangements are made for devotees coming from distant places like different parts of India and from foreign countries. We humbly encourage all devotees to take advantage of the spiritual mercy afforded by visiting and exploring the holy dham on this auspicious parikrama. Devotees will get the chance to hear from many sannyasis and senior devotees who are very expert in describing the glories of Puri dham and the pastimes of Lord Jagannatha and Sri Chaitanya mahaprabhu. Please go through this booklet for information about Puri parikrama and the glories of Puri dham.

Your humble servant Bhakti Purusottama Swami



Śrī-kṣetra

means Śrī Devī, or Laksmī, the Śrī svarūpa- śakti of Lord Visnu. That tract of land which is influenced by the śrī-śakti is known thus as Śrī-ksetra. Śrī Devī is a partial expansion of Śrīmatī Rādhārānī. According to the devotees who worship the Lord in mādhurya-rasa, this place has manifested the influence of top class of sevā: mādhurya and audārya. In the Skanda Purāņa (Utkala-khanda), it has been mentioned that this most beautiful Śrī-kṣetra is <mark>s</mark>pread over ten yojanas (128km, or 80 miles) and surrounded by sands. Utkala is another name of Orissa. This place was also known as Udradesa. Utkaladeśa has been described in scriptures as the most holy place on this planet. In the Brahmānda Purāna it is stated:

varṣāṇām bhārataḥ śreṣṭhaḥ deśānām utkalaḥ smṛtaḥ utkalasya sama-deśo deśo nāsti mahītale Among all varṣas, Bhāratavarṣa is great. Among all countries, Utkala or Orissa is the greatest. There is no place on this planet equal to Utkaladeśa, Orissa.

Utkala is divided into four parts which represent the weapons of Lord Vișnu. These four ksetras are known as Śankha-ksetra (Purī town), Padma-ksetra (Konārk), Cakra-ksetra (Bhuvaneśvara), and Gadāksetra (Jājapura, where the Virajā Devī temple is). This kṣetra-maṇḍala covers an area of ten yojanas. Within that area of ten yojanas, Purī is known as Śańkha-ksetra because its shape resembles a conch shell. This Puri-ksetra covers an area of five krośa, three of which are immersed under the ocean, and two on land. This land is covered with golden sands and decorated with a blue mountain. Of the four ksetras, this Sankha-ksetra is very special as the Lord Himself in His arcā-vigraha form is residing here on the bank of the ocean atop the blue mountain. The Lord has said this place is secret, even to Lord Brahmā.

In Skanda Purāņa it is stated by Lakṣmī Devī: pañca-krośam idam kṣetram samudrānta-vyavasthitam dvi-krośam tīrtha-rājasya taṭa-bhūmau sunirmalam suvarṇa-bālukākīrṇam nīla-parvata-śobhitam yo 'sau viśveśvaro devaḥ sākṣān nārāyaṇātmakam

This kṣetra which is five krośa in size and situated on the bank of ocean is best among all kṣetras. In these five krośas, three krośas which are situated on the land portion are very sacred. This place surrounded by golden sands and beautified by a blue mountain. At this place Nārāyaṇa Himself is residing as Viveśvara.

Lord Hari never leaves this place. He says in Skanda Purāņa,

satyam satyam punaḥ satyam satyam etad bravīmi te prāsāda-bhaṅge tat sthānam na tyajāmi kadācana

I am telling you as real truths for there times that I never leave this place even if my temple is destroyed. Śańkha-ksetra spreads from east to west. Its head is towards the west where Lokanātha Mahādeva resides. On the east side of Śaṅkha-ksetra, Lord Nīlakantha Mahādeva is residing. The belly portion of Sankha ksetra is situated beneath the ocean. Towards the end of this conch-shaped ksetra, Śrī Nīlakantheśvara Mahādeva resides. On the second avarta (circle) of Sankhaksetra, Mahādeva is Kapāla-mocana residing. At the border of the third avarta Adyaśakti Jaganmātā Vimalā is residing. On the navel portion of Śańkha-ksetra there is Rohinīkunda and Kalpa-vata. On the bank of Rohinī-kunda, the Lord Himself is residing. Ardhāśinī Devī also resides in this ksetra. Her name is Ardhāśinī, because she drank half the water during the time of annihilation.

> daśa-yojana-vistīrņam pañca-yojanam āyatam nānāścarya-samāyuktam kṣetram parama-durlabham (Brahma Purāṇa)

This kṣetra is very beautiful and wonderful It is extended up to ten yojanas. This place is very rare.

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The glories of Śrī-kṣetra, Puruṣottamakṣetra, have been mentioned in different Purāṇas like Skanda Purāṇa, Brahmā Purāṇa, Vāmadeva Samhitā, Kapila Samhitā, Padma Purāṇa, and Nīlādri Purāṇa.

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Śrī-kṣetra parikramā

T he holy dhāmas of Vṛndāvana, Navadvīpa, and Nīlācala-dhāma are nondifferent.Just as devotees perform Vrajamaṇḍala and Gaura-maṇḍala parikramā, in the same way devotees perform parikramā of Śrī-kṣetra, by which one is freed from sinful reactions from unlimited previous births. The Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam states:

> barhāyite te nayane narāņām lingāni viṣṇor na nirīkṣato ye pādau nṛṇām tau druma-janma-bhājau kṣetrāṇi nānuvrajato harer yau

The eyes which do not look at the symbolic representations of the Personality of Godhead Viṣṇu [His forms, name, quality, etc. are like those printed on the plumes of the peacock, and the legs which do not move to the holy places [where the Lord is remem¬bered] are considered to be like tree trunks.

(2.3.22)

In the Skanda Purāņa it has been mentioned that if, after achieving the human form of life, one does not engage in parikramā to Śrī Hari-kṣetra, then his life is useless.

> samsāra-maru-kāntāra nistāra-kāraņa-kṣamau ślāghyau tāv eva caraņau yau hares tīrtha-gāminau

The feet which move around the holy places connected with Śrī Hari are truly praiseworthy, because by this action one can cross over the difficult path of the desertlike samsāra, or material existence.

In the Skanda Purāņa it is stated that Vidyāpati, after taking darśana of Nīla Mādhava and preparing to return to his home, said, "Very soon I will start my journey after completing parikramā of this māhākṣetra. I have heard from my friends that those who circumambulate Śrī Puruṣottamakṣetra, the destroyer of all sins, which is situated near the sea beach and decorated by the most beautiful blue mountain, will attain the result of circumambulating the earthly planet three times."

Vāmadeva Samhitā states that one who performs parikramā of Śrī-kṣetra-maṇḍala attains the result of an Aśvamedha-yajña at every step. Śrī-kṣetra is shaped like a śaṅkha, or conch shell. Thus in the Skanda Purāṇa it is called Śaṅkha-kṣetra. This Śaṅkha-kṣetra is spread over five krośas (one krośa is two miles, or 3.2 kilometres): two krośas are submerged in the ocean, and three krośas of land are above the surface of the ocean. In Skanda Purāṇa it is written:

> bhramanti tīrthāny anyāni tyaktvaitat kṣetram uttamam phalāśā-modakais tṛptvā labhante śrama-jam phalam

Those who leave this place (Puruṣottamakṣetra), which is the best among all places, and travel to other tīrthas, being satisfied by the modaka of hope for result, they simply receive the hard labor.

The Glories of Śrī-kṣetra

In the middle of Śankha-kṣetra there is very beautiful blue mountain. On top of that blue mountain the Lord resides. Śrī-kṣetra or Purī-dhāma is also known as Nīlācaladhāma. Nīla means blue, and ācala means an immovable mountain. The Vaiṣṇava Tantra glorifies Purī-dhāma as follows: mathurā-dvārakā-līlāḥ yāḥ karoti ca gokule nīlācala-sthitaḥ kṛṣṇas tā eva carati prabhuḥ Whatever pastimes Lord Kṛṣṇa performs in Goloka, Mathurā, and Dvārakā, all these pastimes He also manifests in Nīlācaladhāma The Caitanya-bhāgavata describes the glories of Purī-dhama as follows:

Śrī Kṛṣṇa smiled slightly and spoke kindly, "Listen, My dear Śiva, I am giving you a very beautiful place. Live here with all your associates and followers. This place is known as Ekāmrakāvana. In this idyllic surrounding, you will appear and be worshipped. This place is in every way as captivating as Vārāṇasī. Besides, this place is also extremely elevated spiritually, but few know of this truth. Today, I will reveal to you the esoteric significance of Ekāmrakavana, which is so dear to Me.





the Guardian of Death. I am the judge here who determines the evil and pious deeds of an in-dividual and their results."

(Caitanya-bhāgavata 2)

In Bṛhad-Bhāgavatāmṛta (2.1.159-163) Śrīla Sanātana Gosvāmī describes Purīdhāma:

In Purusottama-ksetra Nīlācala, by the shore of the salt-water ocean, the Lord of the universes, Jagannātha, is splendidly manifest in a spiritual form of wood. On the northern shore of the ocean, the supremely blissful Personality of Godhead pretends to be made of wood. Opulent and powerful, He personally protects the kingdom of Orissa. He is glorious. He loves His servants. The goddess of fortune personally cooks for Him. When He has eaten, the merciful Lord gives His remnants, which even the demigods cannot obtain, to His devotees. These remnants, called mahāprasādam, should be eaten without considering who has touched them or from where they were brought. Oh, the glory of that place! Even an ass there becomes a fourarmed resident of Vaikuntha. Anyone who goes there once is never born again. The Brahma Purāna glorifies Purī-dhāma as follows:

Śrī-ksetra Parikrama yathā sarveśvarah visnuh sarvalokottamottamah tathā samasta-tīrthānām varistham purusottamam varņānām brāhmaņo yathā vainateyaś ca paksinām tathā samasta-tīrthānām varistham purusottamam munīnām ca yathā vyāsah kuvero yaksa-raksasām tathā samasta-tīrthānām varistham purusottamam satyam satyam muni-śrestho bhavadbhih samudāhrtam purusottama-samam ksetram nāsty atra prthivī-tale

Just like Śrī Viṣṇu, the Lord of all, is the greatest of the greatest of all persons, Puruṣottamakṣetra is the greatest of all tīrthas. Just as the brāhmaṇa-varṇa is the greatest of all the varṇas and just as Garuḍa, the son of Vinatā, is the greatest of all birds, Puruṣottama Kṣetra is the greatest of all tīrthas. Just as Vyāsadeva is the greatest of the sages and just as Kuvera is the greatest of the yakṣas and rākṣasas, Puruṣottama Kṣetra is the greatest of all tīrthas. Truly, truly as declared by you, there is no holy place equal to Puruṣottama Kṣetra on the surface of earth. Śrī-kṣetra Parikrama puruṣottamāt paraṁ kṣetraṁ nāsty eva pṛthivī-tale bhū-svargam iti vikhyātaṁ devānām api durlabham

Purușottama-kșetra is para or a transcendental place. There is no other place like this on earth. It is known as Bhū-svarga or heaven on earth. It is rarely attained even by devas.

> The Kapila Samhitā states, sarveṣām caiva devānām rājā śrī-puruṣottamaḥ sarveṣām caiva kṣetrāṇām rājā śrī-puruṣottamaḥ

Śrī Purușottama Jagannātha-deva is king of all devas and Śrī Purușottama-kșetra is king of all kșetras or dhāmas.

> sākṣāt vaikuṇṭha-rūpaṁ tat kṣetraṁ śrī-puruṣottamaḥ kṣetrāṇām api kṣetraṁ ca tīrthānām api yad varam

That track of land which is known as Śrī Puruṣottama-kṣetra is a direct manifestation of Vaikuṇṭha. It is the best among all kṣetras and all tīrthas.

Purī-dhāma Glorified in Skanda Purāņa In Skanda Purāņa, Śrī Lakṣmī-devī told

Yamarāja, "O Yamarāja! You have no influence most holy place This in this place is very rare to be attained. All those living entities who live in this ksetra are not controlled by you. They are beyond your jurisdiction. People desiring liberation here are already liberated while living in this dhāma. Śrī Visnu puts living entities in bondage all other places. But in Śrī Ksetra, at He gives liberation to every one. This land does not get destroyed even at the time of annihilation." In Visnu Khanda (fourth chapter), Mahālaksmī says to Yamarāja,

pṛthivyām yāni tīrthāni gagane ca tripiṣṭape sārdha-koṭi-saṅkhyāni svarga-mokṣa-pradāni vai teṣām ayaṁ tīrtha-rājaḥ kīrtitaḥ puruṣottamaḥ sarveṣāṁ mukti-kṣetrāṇām idaṁ sāyujya-daṁ matam O Dharmarāja! Among all those thirty five millions of tirthas existing on earth, heaven and sky, this Puruṣottama-kṣetra is tīrtharāja and gives sayujā mukti.

The Brahmāṇḍa Purāṇa glorifies Purīdhāma: varṣāṇāṁ bhārataḥ śreṣṭho deśānām utkalaḥ smṛtaḥ utkalasya samādeśadeśo nāsti mahī-tale

Among all varṣas Bhāratavarṣa is great. Among all countries OrissVa is the greatest. There is no place on this planet equal to Orissa.

Highlights of the Sri Ksetra

Parikrama

- Hearing Jagannath and Goura Katha from ISKCON senior devotees, sannyasis and Srila Prabhupada disciples.
- Ocean Bathing
- Jagannath Prasad
 - Visiting Sri Caitanya Mahaprabhu's places of pastimes.
- Separate parikrama tour groups to accommodate English, Bengali and Oriya speaking devotees.
- Circumambulating Sri Ksetra, twenty one km walk around Puri Dham.

• A great festival of chanting, hearing, dancing and taking Jagannatha prasadam

Parikrama Information

• Date- 29th November to 2nd December 2023

Accommodation

You can book rooms through us and we will provide rooms at different hotels arround our ISKCON Puri temple or Swargadwar.

 Registration
For advance Registration and room booking please contact respective group which you like to be.
for general information contact: +91 8789719895
(please see p.g no.29 for registration details)

• Important Notice

All Devotees must register in advance so accommodation and other facilities can be arranged accordingly.

• Last Date for Registration 30th October

Parikrama schedule

29th November to 2nd December 2023

29th November

Arrival of devotees near ISKCON, Bhakti Kutir, Swargadwar, Puri

30th November

Visiting different pastime places of Lord Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu and hearing Jagannath katha.

01st December

Visiting more places of Lord Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu and hearing Jagannath katha.

02nd December

Parikrama of Sri Ksetra Puri Dham. A transcendental twenty-one km walk around Sri Kshetra. We pass along beautiful ocean beaches, through forests and numerous holy sites such as Narendra sarovara and Indradumna sarovara, Chakra tirtha, Lokanath temple, etc.

Śrī-kṣetra Parikrama COMMON QUESTION AND ANSWER

1. When does registration ends?

30th October 2023 (please see p.g no.29 for registration details)

2. When do the devotees arrive in puri?

29th November 2023

3. How to reach puri from Bhubaneswar airport / puri station?

You can come by train directly to Puri or by air to Bhubaneswar and then by car or bus to Puri. From Bhubaneswar to Puri it is about 50km.

For transport different vehicles are available from airport to puri

4. Do the devotees have to register? Yes. Registration begins from 1st June 2023

5. What are the groups for Puri Parikrama? Bengali, Odiya, Hindi, Tamil

6. How to contact the parikrama groups for registration?

Tamil Group Mobile : 9232 253 602 Email- suddhasridharadas@gmail.com

Bengali Group Mobile :9474 652 829 / 8371878928 Email- kanairam.jps@pamho.net

Oriya Group Mobile :09437264454 Email- hemaharipada.jps@gmail.com

Hindi Group Mobile :9593 648 074 / 9735212358 Email- lgd@pamho.net

7. What are the registration fees?

Bengalı	(A) group - 1800	
Bengali	(B) group - 2400	
Hindi	group - 2400	
Odiya	group - 1800	
Tamil	Registration fee	Rs.1,650/-
	Non Ac Room with Registration	Rs.3,650/-
	AC room with Registration	Rs.5,050/-

8. What is included in registration fee?

It includes Prasadam, accommodation & registration. For four days per person.

9. Is there any free accommodation?

No. there will be separate charges for your accommodation according to type of hotel you choose.

10. I do not want to share my room with others, I want to have room for my self.

Yes you may have room for yourself or for your family but with extra charges.

11. Is prasadam free during the festival? Yes. Registration includes breakfast and lunch

12. When does the Sriksetra Parikrama start?

10th November evening at see beach

13. How will weather be in puri during Parikrama days?

The weather will be normal, not too hot and not too cold. You may bring mild winter clothes for night and very early in the morning.

14. Where to Register?

To secure your spot, please contact or email the specific groups you are interested in for advance registration. (please see p.g no.29 for registration details)

15. Can I register on arrival to puri?

Yes. with extra charges, but no guarantee for accommodation.

16. I can't walk, what are other options for me?

You can ask help from your group leader to manage rickshaw, auto or you may do so yourself and they can follow behind parikrama. (rickshaw, auto or any vehicles charges not included in registration)

17. Do we have medical help in parikrama? Yes, please ask your group leader.

18. I would like to give donation, whom to contact?Bhakti Purusottama SwamiEmail : bps@pamho.netMobile : +91 9434506434

As we are taking very nominal donation as registration fee to enable as many as devotees to be able to participate this parikrama we need different sponsorship to cover over all expenses of parikrama. We humbly request all devotees to kindly come forward to help us financially to make this parikrama a grand success.

> For any suggestion please write to: bps@pamho.net sridhamgovinda.jps@pamho.net

Jagannatha Swami nayana patha gami bhava tu me!

See you soon!

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